



# Small Donor Elections Candidate Guide

**2024 Regular Election**December 23, 2022

This guide is intended to explain the Small Donor Elections program in a format and manner that is helpful and easy to understand for candidates as well as campaign vendors, staff, and volunteers. It does not go into the level of detail and specificity as the Small Donor Elections Code, Administrative Rules, and Guidance. Candidates and campaigns are responsible for complying with the Small Donor Elections Code, Administrative Rules, and Guidance, which can be found on the program website: www.portland.gov/smalldonorelections.

If you have any questions about the Small Donor Elections program, please contact program staff:

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# Small Donor Elections Program Overview

Candidates running for Mayor, Auditor, or City Councilor in Portland are eligible to participate in the Small Donor Elections program.

The Small Donor Elections program aims to reduce corruption and the perception of corruption that the influence of money in politics creates. It provides candidates who have broad community support and follow program rules with up to a 9-to-1 match on the first \$20 of small donations they receive from Portland residents. To be eligible for the match, candidates must prove they have broad community support by collecting hundreds of small contributions from Portlanders, following the program rules limiting the size of contributions they receive, and ensuring that funds are spent on legitimate campaign expenses. SDE has a nine-member Public Commission which holds public meetings to take community input and will advise program staff and the Council as this new program is implemented.

Before starting a campaign, interested candidates are encouraged to contact program staff for training on how to comply with program requirements.

## Steps for Participation in the Small Donor Elections Program

Candidates running for office in the City of Portland must comply with all applicable state, county, and City elections and campaign finance laws. In addition, to participate in the Small Donor Elections program, candidates must do the following:

#### Step 1: Comply with Small Donor Elections rules. (December 23, 2022-November 5, 2024)

On December 23, 2022, Small Donor Elections requirements began to apply to any candidate who may choose to use the program in the 2024 election cycle. See the Compliance with Small Donor Elections section for the content of these rules. They are primarily campaign finance rules.

#### **IMPORTANT TIPS:**

- Take the mandatory training ASAP to learn about these rules. You must take the mandatory training (and file your Notice of Intent) prior to starting to raise matchable contributions, but you may take the mandatory training earlier. Trainings are scheduled individually for each campaign and can be done confidentially if you are not ready to announce your candidacy yet. Call 503.823.4345 to schedule. Your treasurer is also required to take the training before you start raising matchable contributions. You may also bring anyone else to the training or schedule multiple trainings.
- If you have a pre-existing campaign account that you cannot use as your 2024 account because it has funds in it raised in excess of program rules prior to December 23, 2024, you may transfer those funds into a savings account associated with a checking account that you use as your 2024 campaign account, as long as you keep the savings account inactive during the 2024 election cycle. You may transfer up to \$500 from the savings account into the checking account as seed money, if you wish to, prior to filing a Certification Application.
- If a candidate violates Small Donor Elections contribution or expenditure rules prior to filing a Notice of Intent to participate, the candidate may cure the violations and pay a penalty within 30 days of filing a Notice of Intent, and still participate in the program. The intent of this rule is to encourage candidates to participate in the program even if they were not planning on running for City office or participating in the program at the beginning of the election cycle.

#### Step 2: Take the mandatory training!

Before beginning to raise matchable contributions, both the candidate and the candidate's treasurer must have received a mandatory training. The training covers how the program works and how to follow the rules. Trainings are scheduled individually with campaigns. They can be done confidentially for candidates who are not ready to announce yet. To schedule email us at Daniel.lewkow@portlandoregn.gov or call us at 503-823-4345 to do it confidentially. The training does not have to be taken until the candidate has turned in their Notice of Intent and is ready to raise matchable contributions. However, taking the training earlier enables candidates to make an informed choice about whether to participate in Small Donor Elections and how to comply with it from Day 1.

#### Step 3: File Notice of Intent to participate in the program (December 23, 2022-August 20, 2024)

File the Small Donor Election program's Notice of Intent to participate in the program. If both the candidate and the candidate's Treasurer haven't already received a mandatory training from the program, please contact program staff immediately to schedule it. The mandatory training may be taken prior to filing a Notice of Intent, so candidates and campaign staff can make an informed choice about whether the Small Donor Elections program is right for them.

TIP: Campaigns may not begin raising matchable contributions until both the candidate and the campaign treasurer has taken the mandatory training and the Notice of Intent has been filed. Any contributions that would otherwise be matchable prior to receiving the mandatory training and filing Notice of Intent will not be matched and not be considered for qualification purposes.

#### Step 4: Start raising matchable contributions.

In order to get certified to use the program, a campaign must raise \$5-250 contributions from a minimum number of donors who are Portland residents and over the age of 18:

- For Mayoral candidates: 750 donors
- For City Councilor or Auditor candidates, 250 donors from anywhere in the City, regardless of district

#### Step 5: Begin reporting contributions and expenditures to the program and submitting required documentation.

To ensure campaigns are complying with program rules and to determine whether contributions submitted for a match are eligible, the Small Donor Elections program requires campaign to submit campaign finance information and documentation to the program. The mandatory training describes how to submit the required information and documentation. See the Compliance with Small Donor Elections section of this guide for more information.

#### Step 6: Apply for certification. (February 29, 2024-September 3, 2024)

Once a campaign has received the required number of matchable contributions, a campaign may apply for certification in the program. Once certified, the campaign will receive matching funds from the City for all eligible matchable contributions, including those contributions collected to qualify for Certification.

#### Step 7: Continue raising contributions and getting matching funds!

Once certified, campaigns may keep raising contributions and receiving matching funds for matchable contributions. Contributions raised will get matched for all participating candidates. Donations between \$0.01 and \$20 will be matched 9:1 by the program.

#### Step 8: After the election, return unused public funds. (December 20, 2024)

Once the election is over, campaigns need to pay their staff and any outstanding invoices, and then return any unspent City Matching Funds to the program within 15 days of the election being certified. This is calculated proportionally. For example, if a campaign received 75% of its funding in City Matching Funds, it owes 75% of what is left in the campaign bank account to the Small Donor Elections program. Only obligations undertaken prior to the election may be deducted from what is owed to the Fund.

# 2022 Election Cycle Timeline & Deadlines

December 23, 2022	2024 Election Cycle begins	Candidates who wish to participate must begin following rules.
February 29, 2024*	Ballot Filing Period begins	Candidates my file to run for office and for program certification.
August 1, 2024*	Mandatory Training Deadline	Last day for candidates and their treasurers to receive the mandatory training
August 20, 2024*	Notice of Intent deadline	Last day to file a Notice of Intent to participate in the program.
August 27, 2024*	Ballot Filing Deadline	Last day for candidates to file to appear on the ballot
September 3, 2024*	Certification Filing Deadline	Last day candidates can file for certification in the program.
October 25, 2024	Matching Ends	Last day for candidates to collect donations that can be matched
November 5, 2024	Election Day	
December 20, 2024	Deadline to Return Public Funds	For all candidates in the election.

<sup>\*</sup>These dates are estimates and will be finalized after Council passes conforming amendments and the Auditor publishes the election schedule.

# Compliance with Small Donor Elections

Candidates running for office in the City of Portland must comply with all applicable state, county, and City elections and campaign finance laws. In addition, to participate in the Small Donor Elections program, candidates must follow the requirements of the program.

#### **Limits on Contributions**

Participating candidates must abide by limits on what types and amounts of contributions that can be accepted for the entire election cycle (December 23, 2022 to November 5, 2024). If a candidate accepts more than is permitted, the campaign must cure the violation and may owe a penalty to the Small Donor Elections Fund (see Administrative Rule 15).

Type of Contribution	Limit
Money from individuals	\$250 per donor per election
Money from entities or businesses	Not permitted, aside from seed funding or in-kind donations. Small Donor Organizations can give up to \$250 in cash donations
Volunteered time	Unlimited
Seed Money (from any source)	\$500 per donor, \$5,000 total for the primary
In-Kind Contribution	\$250 per donor for individuals. \$5,000 per donor per election from a qualified Small Donor Organization or for a "democracy-building activity" from a non-profit or political committee. Must be directly provided.
Loan***	Not permitted except from candidate or spouse as seed money. Limit of \$5000 per election

<sup>\*\*</sup>See the "How Campaigns can Raise In-Kind Contributions" page for more details

<sup>\*\*</sup>See Administrative Rule 3 for parameters for what a loan is.

There are a few rules relating to when certain types of contributions can be accepted, as seen in this chart.

Туре	Once election cycle begins	Once file NOI and trained	Once apply for certification
Seed	yes	yes	no
In-kind	yes	yes	yes
Allowable	yes	yes	yes
Matchable	no	yes	yes

Sometimes a contribution is made that doesn't feel like a contribution, and can trip up a campaign's compliance. For example, if a candidate is given polling information that is not available to the public (e.g. to encourage them to run), that is a contribution. As long as it is within the \$5,000 in-kind definition and limit (or if the polling was worth more, several organizations combine their in-kind donations) or the \$500 seed money limit and reported as such, the campaign is in compliance. Another common contribution that doesn't feel like a contribution is the use of lawn signs from a previous campaign. As long as the lawn signs are reported as a seed money contribution and within the \$500 limit, the campaign is in compliance.

Candidates are not permitted to solicit or direct contributions to entities that make independent expenditures to support their election or oppose the election of an opponent.

#### **How Campaigns can Raise In-Kind Contributions**

Candidates are allowed to raise in-kind contributions—meaning contributions of goods instead of contributions of cash.

- In-kind contributions must be for directly provided goods (e.g., yard signs, banners, clip boards) and services (e.g., polling, website design, staff time).
  - Exceptions are allowed for paying direct cash for goods/services that increase accessibility or language inclusivity. Examples include translation services or sign language interpretation at an event

**Individual Donors:** Campaigns can collect \$250 in in-kind contributions from any individual. For instance, if a donor throws a house party for a candidate, the donor can provide up to \$250 in refreshments for the party. Since individuals are limited to \$250 donations per election, their in-kind donations would count towards their overall donation limit.

Organizational Donors: Organizations & political committees (PACs) can give in-kind contributions. But the amount and type depend on their classification

	Small Donor Organization	Non-Small Donor Organization
Definition	Their fundraising is made up of at least 90% of donations in gifts of	, , , ,
\$250 or less per donor per year. Organizations may apply for this designation through the SDE office, though it is not required.		including businesses, non-profits and PACs.
Can give:	Up to \$5,000 in-kind/election, + \$250 in cash/election	Up to \$5,000 in-kind/election. No cash donations allowed (aside from seed donations)
Can pay for:	Nearly any item/service if it's permitted in the SDE law	Items/services that strengthen participation and increase access to democracy*,

Note: If a professional decides to volunteer their services for free that they would ordinarily charge for, then the service counts as volunteering and not an inkind donation. For example, if an attorney provides an hour of legal advice for free, she would be volunteering her time and the campaign would not need to record it as an in-kind donation. But if the professional provides their service at a discounted rate, then the discount would be an in-kind donation. So if the attorney usually charges \$100/hr and only charges the campaign \$20/hr, then the \$80 she discounted would be recorded as an \$80 in-kind donation.

\*Here are some examples of how an eligible organizations and PACs--which are not a small donor organizations--can support a campaign through up to \$5,000 per election per candidate of democracy-building activities:

- Staff time and related goods to lead a volunteer canvass, phone bank, or text bank
- Translating a website, brochure, mail piece, or ad into another language (but not the cost of designing, printing, or distributing the ad)
- Providing disability accommodations (like an ASL interpreter) or childcare at a campaign event
- Providing a list of the donor's contributors for the campaign to contact
- Identifying voter models
- Creating and sharing messaging on issues core to the donor organization's mission

#### Restrictions on Campaign Expenditures from the Campaign Bank Account

There are restrictions on which campaign expenses can be paid for with which types of contributions. Since all campaign expenses come out of the campaign bank account, the program determines whether certain expenses were paid with allowable or prohibited funds is through proportional calculation. If a campaign spent \$500 on travel to California, for which public funds may not be used, it is in compliance as long as

the campaign raised at least \$500 in other types of funds. The campaign should--and the program will--add up all expenses that cannot be paid with any type of funds to determine whether the campaign, as a whole, staying in compliance with the expenditure restrictions.

This below chart shows which campaign expenditures can and cannot be made from different types of contributions.

Type of Expenditure	Private funds (anything but City Matching Funds)	City Matching Funds (public funds)
Anything prohibited by state law (e.g. personal expenses, cash)	No	No
Contributions (gifts) to non-profits	No	No
Paying penalties	Yes*	Yes*
Paying previous campaign debt	Yes	Yes**
Repaying loans	Yes	Yes**
Certain vehicle expenses (e.g. purchase, lease, rental, insurance, repair, fuel)	Yes	No
Supporting other campaigns	Yes	No
Consulting services paid above fair market value	Yes	No
Out of state travel (except to Clark and Skamania counties)	Yes	No
Salary or payment to a family member (other than reimbursements)	Yes	No
Gifts (not including brochures, buttons, signs, etc.)	Yes	No

<sup>\*</sup>See the penalties section below for a list of which penalties can be paid from the campaign account.

#### Required Documentation Related to Contributions and Expenditures

When reporting contributions and expenditures, participating candidates must provide the following documentation.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Except to a business licensed in Portland that only accepts cash payments. This does not prohibit campaigns from using non-cash resources to pay reimbursable expenses paid for in cash.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>City Matching Funds may be used to travel to campaign-related events in counties that are adjacent to the tri-county area (meaning Multnomah, Clackamas, and Washington counties). These specifically are Hood River, Wasco, Marion, Yamhill, Tillamook, Clatsop, Columbia, and Clark and Skamania counties. City Matching Funds may not be used to travel beyond those adjacent counties.

Contribution or Expenditure Type	Required Documentation
Cash from any source	Attestation document
Money Order from any source	Attestation document
Check submitted for match	No attestation required
Credit card payment submitted on paper for a match	No attestation required
Credit Card payment made online	No attestation required

Attestation document includes either the Attestation form published on the program website or a remit slip with the required attestation information, an example of which is published on the program website.

When an attestation form with a handwritten signature is required, the handwritten signature requirement is waived if the donor has a disability that prevents them from providing a handwritten signature.

#### **Requirements for Matchable Contributions**

For a contribution to be matched from the Small Donor Elections Fund, it must:

- Be from a Portland resident who is 18 years of age or older,
- Be accompanied by attestation from the donor that the contribution was from them and not another source (if it's a cash or money order donation),
- The donor did not already get the maximum amount matched to another candidate seeking the same office as you. This means that if your donor gave \$10 to you and \$10 to your opponent, both could be matched. But if your donor gave \$20 to your opponent, their subsequent donations to you would not be matched and
- Be validated by the City of Portland that the donor is matchable.

IMPORTANT TIP: A participating candidate may not offer items of value in exchange for a matchable contribution, other than items of minimal value (such as a campaign button or a bumper sticker).

#### City Matching Funds Caps

City matching funds are capped for the election. Once a candidate reaches their match cap, they may continue to raise funds but will not receive additional matching funds during that election.

	MATCHING FUNDS CAPS	
The 2024 Election	Mayor	City Council or Auditor
MATCH CAPS	The caps are currently in Code as \$300,000 for the primary and \$450,000 for the general. Council is considering an amendment to set a new cap for the 2024 election cycle.	The caps are currently in Code as \$200,000 for the primary and \$240,000 for the general. Council is considering an amendment to set a new cap for the 2024 election cycle.

#### **Reporting Requirements**

Candidates must follow all state reporting requirements to the Secretary of State's office.

In addition, once a candidate files a Notice of Intent, they must begin reporting their contributions and expenditures to the Small Donor Elections program on the timeline described in the Reporting Schedule published on the program website and below. Candidates may do this using the OpenElectionsPortland Application found at openelectionsportland.org and linked on the program website. If directed by the Director, campaigns may use the reporting spreadsheet published on the program website to report data.

Even some non-participating candidates and political committees must follow the reporting requirements of the Small Donor Elections law. Non-participating candidates and political committees spending funds in City races in which there is a participating or certified candidate must report the campaign finance activity to the program within 14 days of the election they competed in.

A campaign may report contributions late without penalty if there is a personal emergency or mitigating circumstance as described in Administrative Rule 16. Campaigns that are not required by the state to have a campaign committee because they raise below a low threshold do not have to report to ORESTAR or the Small Donor Elections program.

### 2024 Election Cycle Reporting Schedule

Once candidates have filed their Notice of Intent, they must begin reporting all contributions to and expenditures from their campaign finance account to the Director according to the Reporting Schedule:

- Regardless of when their first report is due, it must include all transactions from the beginning of the election cycle until 7 days prior to the first deadline that applies.
- All subsequent reports.
- Candidates may stop submitting reports only once the candidate has returned all unspent public funds to the program.

#### **Getting Certified**

A candidate may only apply for certification twice in an election cycle. After filing a Notice of Intent, taking the mandatory training, carrying out all reporting requirements, raising enough matchable contributions, and filing for office, candidates may file for certification. Once certified, candidates will begin to receive City Matching Funds, including on the initial matchable contributions they collected to qualify before turning in their certification application.

#### **Receiving Matching Funds**

The program will distribute matching funds at least once every month, but likely more often than that. The distribution method will be electronic deposit into the campaign bank account.

Candidates who are not contested may participate in and get certified in the program, but matching funds will not be distributed until the race becomes contested. All matchable contributions will be matched, even the ones collected prior to the race becoming contested. If a candidate receiving matching funds becomes unopposed, no additional matching funds will be distributed as long as the race is uncontested.

Matching rates are subject to change in the event of budget shortfalls. While the Director will endeavor to avoid any lowering of the 9-to-1 match rate or the total match cap, she reserves the right to do so to ensure the solvency of the program. Notice of the lowering of the match rate or cap will be given to campaigns in advance of any changes to reduced payments from the program.

#### Penalties for Violating Program Requirements

If a candidate violated program requirements, the Director may impose a penalty on the candidate or campaign. The purpose of penalizing violations is to deter the intentional or negligent violation of program requirements, ensure the proper stewardship of public funds, and ensure public transparency in campaign finance. It is not intended to discourage candidates from participating in the program for fear of excessive penalties for errors that do not harm the purpose of the program.

Some penalties must be paid from the candidate's personal funds or another private source, others must be paid from a specific bank account, such as the candidate's campaign bank account. Below is a penalty matrix listing types of violations and penalties.

The Director has discretion as to the severity of the penalty, being able to reduce many similar reporting penalties when they are due to one error repeated several times, and being able to increase penalties for egregious violations, including decertification from the program which triggers the requirement to repay all city matching funds to the program with interest. If a violation occurs due to an error by the Director, the penalty will be waived. The Director may withhold city matching funds until penalties are paid and other required remedies are carried out.

VIOLATION TYPE	DESCRIPTION	PENALTY	САР	PAYMENT SOURCE
Late Filings	Submitted a transaction late	0.5% of the amount(s) per calendar day	1	Campaign account*
Insufficient Filings	Missing required information or with inaccurate/inadequate information	0.5% if the transaction amount(s) per calendar day if not remedied in time	25% of the amount	Campaign account*
	Remedied in time	-	-	-

Fully Omitted Contributions and Expenditures	Not submitted on time or within the subsequent filing period	1% of the transaction amount(s) per calendar day	50% of transaction amount	Campaign account*
Prohibited Contributions	Returned/reimbursed within 7 days of the reporting deadline and reported as refunded at the next reporting deadline	-	-	Campaign account
	Not returned/reimbursed	Equal to the prohibited amount collected	-	Campaign account
Prohibited Contributions Collected Before Filing	Provides documentation as to why it's not possible to return	Total amount of the prohibited contribution	-	Campaign account
Notice of Intent	Not remedied by the campaign	Ineligibility for certification	-	Campaign account
Prohibited Expenditures	Expenditure made prior to filing Notice of Intent	Personal funds to campaign account in the same amount as the prohibited expenditure and 25% of the prohibited amount. If multiple or egregious prohibited expenditures are made, the candidate may be ineligible for certification.	-	Campaign account and Candidate's personal funds
	Prohibited expenditures after being certified	Curing the prohibited expenditure in time or decertification	Repayment of all public funds plus interest	Campaign account and Candidate's personal funds
In-Kind Contributions in	Violation totaling \$1,000 or less	Equal to the violation amount	-	Campaign account
Excess of the Caps (accrued cumulatively)	Violation totaling \$1,001-\$5,000	Equal to 2x the violation	-	Campaign account
	Violation totaling more than \$5,000	Equal to 3x the violation	\$10,000	Campaign account

Soliciting/Directing Contributions to Other Campaign Finance Entities	Soliciting or directing contribution to a political committee for the purpose of independent expenditures to support one's own election	At the discretion of the Director	\$10,000	Candidate's personal funds
Misrepresentation of Program Status	Misrepresentation that a candidate is participating in the program when they are not, committed by candidates, campaign staff, or campaign surrogates	\$1,000 per incident	\$5,000	Candidate's personal funds
Falsifying Documents	Submitting to the Director documentation that has been falsified by candidate, campaign staff, or a third party that they do or should have known about	Decertification, repayment of all Public Contributions with 12% interest per annum.	-	Campaign account and candidate's personal funds
Campaign Account Violation	Minor violations	Up to 1x the violation amount	1x the violation	Candidate's personal funds
	Serious violation	Up to 3x the violation amount	3x the violation	Candidate's personal funds
Egregious Violations	Includes failure to timely & accurately report transactions that violate program requirements, failure to remedy a violation within a reasonable period, and failure to pay penalties totaling a large percentage of their privately raised funds within a reasonable time.	May increase penalties by 3x and/or decertification, which requires repayment of all public matching funds with interest.	-	
Other Violations	Campaign violates any other part of the law or rules not delineated here.	Up to \$10,000 or decertification, repayment of all public funds with interest.	\$10,000, not including repayment	Director will specify

<sup>\*</sup>Reporting related violations may be paid by the campaign treasurer if paying such fines is part of the contract with the treasurer.

#### Documentation, Audits, and Investigations

Any documents participating candidates are required to collect must be retained by the campaign for at least six months after the November 5, 2024 election, unless the original document was given to the program Director.

In addition to the required documentation listed above, participating candidates must provide any records or documentation the Director requests and cooperate with any investigatory measures deemed relevant. The program may conduct unannounced site visits to campaigns to inspect documents.

#### Honest Elections and Small Donor Elections

In November 2018, Portland voters passed the <u>Honest Elections policy</u>. The ballot measure amended the Portland City Charter to create contribution limits and disclosure requirements for candidates running for the city offices. This is a different policy than the Small Donor Elections program, which was created by a City Council vote in 2016.

If a candidate is running under Small Donor Elections, some of the Honest Elections rules apply to them and some do not:

- Candidates participating in Small Donor Elections are *exempt* from the contribution limits created by Honest Elections, provided that they comply with Small Donor Elections limits.
- Candidates participating in Small Donor Elections *must follow* the disclosure requirements. They must list on their advertisements the top 5 donors who have given \$1,158 or more to their campaign. For Small Donor Elections candidates, this would include their seed funders and their in-kind donors--if those individuals or entities have given over \$1,158 each. The Small Donor Elections program does not have to be disclosed as a donor.

It is important to note that the Office of Small Donor Elections does not oversee or enforce the Honest Elections provisions. Those provisions are enforced by the City Elections Office in the Auditor's office. If your campaign or organization has questions about how to comply with the Honest Elections law (including the disclosure requirements), please <u>review their website</u> and direct your questions to their office.

## **Glossary of Commonly Used Terms**

Below is a chart of terms that are commonly used in the Small Donor Elections program. Please see the Small Donor Elections Code and Administrative Rules for legal definitions of all defined terms.

	COMMONLY USED TERMS
Participating candidate	A candidate who has filed a Notice of Intent to use the program and has not been rejected from certification nor has the deadline for certification passed without the candidate applying for certification, or A candidate who has been certified to use the program and has not been decertified.
Certified candidate	A candidate who has been certified to use the program and has not been decertified.
Nonparticipating candidate	A candidate who has not filed a Notice of Intent to use the program,  A candidate who has filed and withdrawn a Notice of Intent to use the program,  A candidate who filed a Notice of Intent to use the program but did not apply for certification before the deadline passed,  A candidate who was applied for and was rejected from certification, or  A candidate who was certified and then decertified.
Election cycle	The period that begins 45 days after the last election and ends on the November election day. Candidates who use Small Donor Elections program must follow program rules for this period.
Candidate's campaign account	The participating candidate's campaign bank account.
Allowable contribution	A contribution of up to \$250 per donor per election that is from an individual or in certain cases from an entity.
Matchable contribution	A contribution of up to \$250 per donor per election that is from an individual of at least 18 years of age who lives in Portland and who has not already contributed to another candidate running for the same office.
Matchable donor	An individual of at least 18 years of age who lives in Portland.
Contested election	An election in which there are at least two candidates who have a campaign finance entity.
Family	This includes a spouse, child, parent or step-parent, domestic partners, parents-in-law, grandparents or grandchildren, and household members.
Loan or debt	Participating candidates are prohibited from taking loans for their campaigns. This is not intended to prohibit the use of a campaign credit card, prohibit campaigns from being able to have vendors bill them after goods or services are provided, or pay reimbursable expenses (within reasonable limits in Administrative Rule 3).

Independent expenditure	An expenditure in support of or opposing a candidate or measure that was not coordinated with the candidate that benefits from the expenditure.
Individual	A person, as opposed to an entity (e.g. corporation).
City Matching Funds	Money from the Small Donor Elections Fund that is paid to a certified candidate to match eligible contributions.
Seed money	Up to \$500 of money from any source(s) that a candidate who participates in the program may collect without restriction prior to filing a Notice of Intent to participate in the program. Candidates cannot raise more than \$5000 total in seed funding per election